Calendar No. 154

98TH CONGRESS, 1st Session } SENATE { REPORT No. 98-98

TO AUTHORIZE AND PROVIDE FOR A BUST OF CARL HAYDEN TO BE PLACED IN THE CAPITOL

MAY 16, 1983.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. MATHIAS, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany S. Con. Res. 7]

The Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 7) to authorize and provide for a bust of Carl Hayden to be placed in the Capitol, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon with amendments and recommends that the concurrent resolution as amended be agreed to.

PURPOSE

Senate Concurrent Resolution 7, sponsored by Senator Goldwater and co-sponsored by Senator DeConcini and Senator Mathias, was submitted to the Senate on January 31, 1983, and referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration that same day. As referred to the Committee, Senate Concurrent Resolution 7 would authorize and direct the Commission on Art and Antiquities of the U.S. Senate to provide for the design and sculpture of a marble bust of Carl Hayden, and to cause such bust to be placed in an appropriate location within the Senate wing of the Capitol, or any of the Senate Office Buildings, or any room, space, or corridor thereof.

The expenses incurred by the Commission in carrying out the provisions of this resolution shall not exceed $10,000, and shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate.

The Rules Committee held a hearing on this resolution on March 3. At that hearing, chaired by Senator Warner, Senator Goldwater, Representative Udall, and Mr. Roy Elson, former administrative assistant to Senator Hayden, testified in favor of the measure.

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

At its business meeting and legislative mark-up session on March 12, 1983, the Committee on Rules and Administration adopted amendments to Senate Concurrent Resolution 7 which would:

(1) replace the Commission on Art and Antiquities with the proper statutory authority, the Joint Committee on the Library;

(2) add the option of a bronze bust, which Senator Goldwater requested, to the authorization;

(3) change January 1, 1984, to January 3, 1985, in section 2, which authorizes the Joint Committee to accept gifts for the purpose of this concurrent resolution.

BACKGROUND

Senator Carl Hayden was a distinguished public servant who served his State and his Nation longer than any other man in the history of the United States of America. For more than half a century Carl Hayden served in the Congress representing the State of Arizona in a fitting and proud fashion. Senator Hayden embodied the pioneer spirit that, while at times being submerged by the march of science and technology, has remained within the hearts of the American people. Senator Hayden, as the people of the State of Arizona will attest, was a diligent and hard working Senator. His Senate colleagues can attest to his outstanding service as a committee member and committee chairman, and as an exemplary President Pro Tempore of the U.S. Senate. Senator Hayden's capsule biography follows:

BIOGRAPHY

Carl Trumbull Hayden was born in Hayden's Ferry (now Tempe), Maricopa County, Ariz., October 2, 1877; attended the public schools; graduated from the Normal School of Arizona at Tempe in 1896; attended Leland Stanford Junior University, California, 1896–1900; engaged in mercantile pursuits and in the flour-milling business at Tempe, 1900–04; member, Tempe Town Council, 1902–04; delegate to the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis in 1904; treasurer of Maricopa County, 1904–06; sheriff of Maricopa County, 1907–12; upon the admission of Arizona as a State into the Union was elected as a Democrat to the 62d and to the seven succeeding Congresses and served from February 19, 1912, to March 3, 1927; did not seek renomination, having become a candidate for United States Senator; during World War I, was commissioned a major of infantry in the U.S. Army; elected to the United States Senate in 1926 for the term commencing March 4, 1927; re-elected in 1932, 1938, 1944, 1950, 1956, and again in 1962 for the term ending January3, 1969; was not a candidate in 1968 for reelection to the United States Senate; President pro tempore of the Senate, January 1957–January 1969; retired and resided in Tempe, Ariz; died in Mesa, Ariz., January 25, 1972; cremated; ashes interred in family plot at Tempe Butte Cemetery, Tempe, Ariz.

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